NOTES

CHAPTER 1: INTRODUCTION

1 A loose group of American law professors have been labelled the Critical Legal Studies Movement (“Crits” for short). The term “critical legal studies” as used in this book is not intended to refer to them, although the critical approach presented here has something in common with their work. Like the Crits, this text raises questions about the proper relation of law to society, but unlike them, it does not propose wide ranging changes to law and the legal system pursuant to a vision inspired by leftist politics.


12 Do v. Sheffer, 2010 ABQB 86.

13 Use of Highway and Rules of the Road Regulation, AR 304/2002, s. 34(1).


17 White, “Subordination,” 58.

CHAPTER 2: LEGAL LITERACY AND OTHER LITERACIES


6 Ibid., 90; emphasis in original.


8 Canadian Bar Association, Reading the Legal World: Literacy and Justice in Canada, Report of the Canadian Bar Association Task Force on Legal Literacy (Ottawa: Canadian Bar Association, 1992), 23.


13 Ibid., 8.


**CHAPTER 3: LEGAL STRUCTURES**


CHAPTER 4: LEGAL SYSTEMS


2 Alberta (Child, Youth and Family Enhancement, Director) v. B.M., 2009 ABCA 258.


7 Schauer, “Precedent,” 601.


CHAPTER 5: LEGAL PROCESSES AND PROCEDURES


Constitution Act, 1982, [en. by the Canada Act 1982 (UK), c. 11, s. 1] pt. I
(Canadian Charter of Rights and Freedoms), s. 7.


Hotel and Brockman, “Continuum,” 33.


Chapter 6: Legal Language


5 Conley and O’Barr, *Just Words*.


17 Alberta. *Alberta Rules of Court*, AR 390/68, Sched. A Form E.


CHAPTER 7: LEGAL RESEARCH


3 Hutchinson, “Developing Legal Research Skills.”


7 Canadian Law Blogs List, Lawblogs.ca (blog), http://www.lawblogs.ca/.


CHAPTER 8: LEGAL INTERPRETATION


3 Hart, “Positivism,” 614.

4 Omychund v. Barker, [1744], 1 Atk. 22, 26 E.R. 15, 22.


7 Alberta Union of Provincial Employees v. Lethbridge Community College.


CHAPTER 9: LEGAL COMMUNICATION


5 Scalia and Garner, Making Your Case, 178–188.


